

J-7793-94

Seat No.

First Year B. P. T. Examination July - 2019 Psychology & Sociology

Time: 3 Hours [Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- (1) Write to the point.
- (2) Figures to the right Indicates marks.
- (3) Draw figures/flow chart/ ... etc. wherever applicable.
- (4) All questions are compulsory.
- (5) Write each section in separate answer book.

SECTION - I (Psychology)

1 Long question: (any two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (i) What is Addiction? Describe Alcohol Dependence.
- (ii) What is Defence Mechanism? Describe Mature Defences.
- (iii) What is Intelligence? Describe Mental Retardation.
- 2 Short notes: (any two)

 $2\times5=10$

- (i) How Psychology is Important in Physiotherapy?
- (ii) Schizophrenia
- (iii) Psychotherapy
- (iv) Doctor Patient Relationship
- (v) Tips to improve Memory.
- 3 Short questions : (any five)

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (i) Oedipus complex
- (ii) Short term Memory
- (iii) Illusion
- (iv) Theory of Self Actualisation
- (v) Hypomania
- (vi) Ego
- (vii) Positive Reinforcement.

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Mul	tiple	Choice Questions:		1×10=10			
(1)	Mature people use the defence of:						
	(A)	Repression	(B)	Suppression			
	(C)	Regression	(D)	Projection			
(2)	Dyslexia is a kind of problem with:						
	(A)	Reading	(B)	writing			
	(C)	Drawing	(D)	Calculating			
(3)	Psychologists will NOT DO:						
	(A)	Psychotherapy	(B)	Behaviour Therapy			
	(C)	Pharmacotherapy	(D)	Cognitive Therapy			
(4)	Anybody who has lost one of the parents before age						
	12	is vulnerable to					
	(A)	Hypomania	(B)	Depression			
	(C)	Schizophrenia	(D)	Panic Disorder			
(5)	In a normal child development, Nighttime bladder control						
	is a	chieved latest by:					
	(A)	2 Years of Age	(B)	3 Years of Age			
	(C)	4 Years of Age	(D)	5 Years of Age			
(6)	Lea	Learning by imitation is called as:					
	(A)	Classical	(B)	Modelling			
	(C)	Operant	(D)	Intuitive			
(7)	A v	ery intelligent Malt	i has	got IQ of 150 at 10 years of			
	age. What could be her MENTAL AGE?						
	(A)	10	(B)	15			
	(C)	20	(D)	30			
(8)	Aperture is to camera as is to eye.						
	(A)	Iris	(B)	Pupil			
	(C)	Lens	(D)	Retina			
(9)	Parietal Lobe Functions can be tested by:						
	(A)	Standfors - Binet	Scale				
	(B)	Personality Test					
	(C)	Bendar Gestalt To	est				
	(D)	Rorschach's Test					
(10)	Jean Piaget has given the theory of						
	(A)	Learning	(B)	Memory			
	(C)	G	(D)	·			

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SECTION - II (Sociology)

1	Wri	te lor	ng notes on any two	o of t	the following:	$10\times2=20$			
	(a)	Defi	ne disability. Descri	cial problems of disal	bled person.				
	(b)	What is sex ratio? Describe the factors responsible for							
		adve	adverse sex ratio and measure to improve it.						
	(c)	Describe in detail, socio-cultural factors in health and disease.							
2	Wri	rite short notes on any two of the following: 5×2=10							
	(a)	Types of social groups							
	(b)	Counseling							
	(c)	Hospital sociology							
	***				e: e	2.7.10			
3	Write in two to three sentences on any five of $2\times 5=3$								
			ving:						
	(a)		enile delinquency	(b)	Rehabilitation				
	(c)	Soci	al security	(d)	Family				
	(e)	Soci	al stratification	(f)	Socialization				
4	Mul	Multiple Choice Questions: 1×10=10							
	(1) Study of physical, social and cultural history					man is			
		knov	vn as -						
		(A)	Social science	(B)	Anthropology				
		(C)	Acculturation	(D)	Sociology				
	(2)	Relationship between the disease and social conditions							
	is described by -								
		(A)	Socialism	(B)	Acculturation				
		(C)	Social pathology	(D)	Social defence				
	(3)	"Learned behavior which is socially acquired" is							
		known as:							
		(A)	Customs	(B)	Acculturation				
		(C)	Standard of living	(D)	Culture				

(4)	4) Change in the affective level after communication a health education means change in -							
	(A)		(B)	Attitude				
	(C)	Skills	(D)	All				
(5)	` ,		` /	rest of the community, is				
(0)	known as -							
	(A)	Communal family	(B)	Elementary family				
	(C)	Problem family	(D)	Broken family				
(6)	Study of designing equipment and devices that fit the							
	human body, its movements, and its cognitive abilities							
	is -							
	(A)	Economics	(B)	Ergonomics				
	(C)	Bionomics	(D)	Socionomics				
(7)	Kup	puswamy scale cons	siders	s all except -				
	(A)	Education	(B)	Income				
	(C)	Housing	(D)	Occupation				
(8)		reased "Physiotherap n with -	atment" compliance can be					
	(A)	Frequent visit of p	atien	at at OPD of Hospital				
	(B)	Longer duration of	siotherapy treatment					
	(C)) Including both: Modalities and Exercises in treatment						
	(D)	Involving family m	embe	ers in observations				
(9)								
	(A)	(A) From rural to urban areas for work						
	(B) Industrialization							
	(C)	(C) Interaction between cultures						
	(D)	D) Movement in socio-economic status						
(10)	In a	In a social group a social act which is considered natural						
	and right is referred to as -							
	(A)	Taboo	(B)	Ritual				
	(C)	Customs	(D)	Tradition				